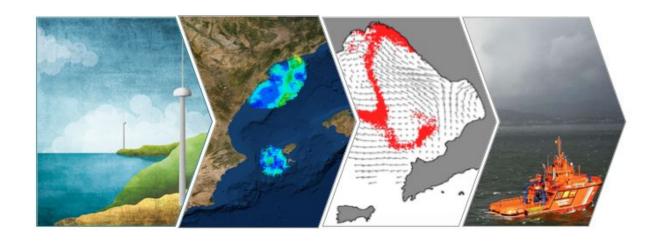
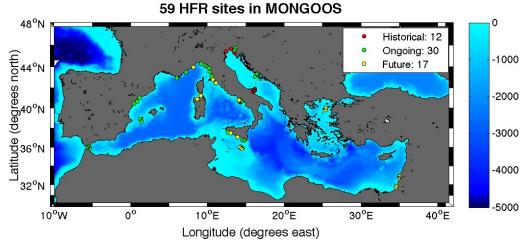
Unlocking HF radar data potential for scientific and societal applications



E. Reyes, P. Lorente and MONGOOS HFR (speaker: Catalina Reyes)

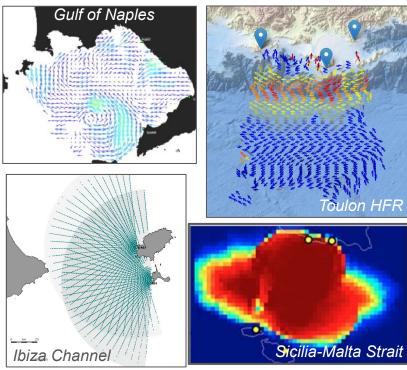
HF radar in the MedSea

- > 55% HFR sites of EU
- > 50% operational
- > 86% permanent installations



Map of HF radar systems (>55% in EU) deployed in the Mediterranean (from the last updated EU HFR node inventory)

- 2D surface currents maps
- High spatial resolution (0.2- 6 km)
- High temporal resolution (30'-1h)
- Wide coastal coverage (> 200 km)



HF radar systems in the Med Sea



Model assessment

 HFR data for WMOP model operational validation

Model improvement

HFR data assimilation

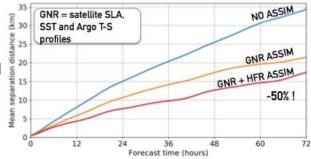
Extreme events monitoring

Impact of extreme river discharges

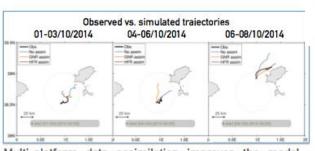
Data downstream services

 HFR data integration in Search & Rescue services

 HFR data assimilation improves the prediction of Lagrangian trajectories.



Mean separation distance (km) over the time between real and simulated trajectories for different DA simulations. Validation performed with 14 drifters during 10 days.

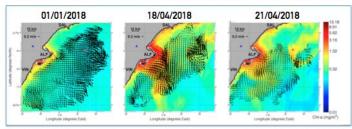


Multi-platform data assimilation improves the model performance on average, though not on a systematic basis.

Hernández-Lasheras J. et al. 2019



 Impact of the last extreme Ebro river discharge event on the surface circulation.



Maps of HFR surface currents and surface Chlorophyll-a concentration for reference conditions (left) and extreme discharge events (middle and right).

Ruiz et al. 2019.

IBISAR service in support to SAR operations
CMEMS-IBI SOCIB-WMOP



www.ibisar.es

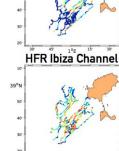
Spatial distribution of skill scores in the Ibiza Channel

Reyes et al., 2019

CMEMS-MED

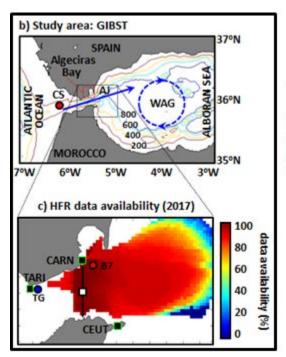
107

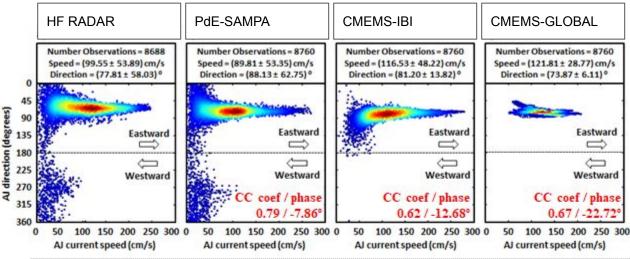
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Multi-model intercomparison in the Strait of Gibraltar from global to local scales:

(plorente externo@puertos.es)



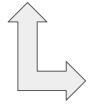


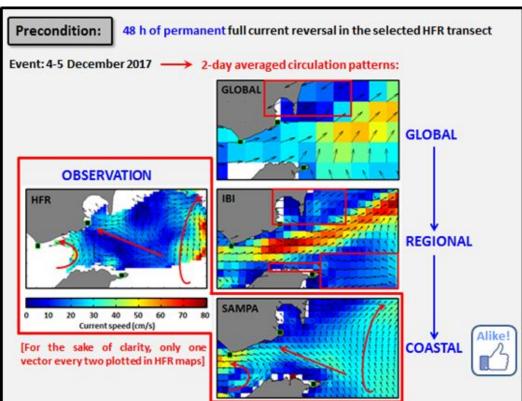
- Scatter of hourly estimations for 2017: speed versus direction (clockwise from North)
- SAMPA better captured AJ features and flow reversals → better skill metrics
- . GLOBAL & IBI:
- Eastward flow > 30 cm/s
- ii) Westward flow never detected

Then... Positive impact of: i) higher model resolution; ii) higher spatio-temporal resolution of atmospheric forcing; iii) taylored bathymetry and iv) barotropioc currents



Extreme event: prolonged inversion of the Atlantic Jet in the Strait of Gibraltar





- ➤ Added value of downstream services: proved!
- ➤ HF radars play a key role to evaluate models skill in critical areas!
- ➤ Focus on models ability to capture extreme coastal events!

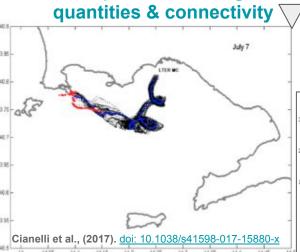
Reference:

Lorente et al., 2019: "Skill assessment of global, regional, and coastal circulation forecast models: evaluating the benefits of dynamical downscaling in IBI surface waters" Ocean Science, 15, 967–996.





Transport of biological quantities & connectivity

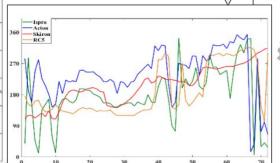


2 x 25-MHz CODAR SeaSonde System

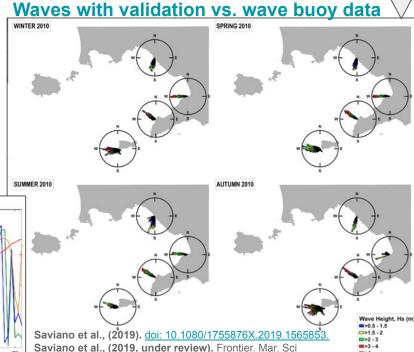
Managed by CoNISMa and Parthenope University of Naples

Studies of transport by submesoscale features

Eddy detection algorithms



Wind retrieval



CALYPSO operational HF Radar system: in the Malta-Sicily Channel

Aldo Drago (Project Leader) | Adam Gauci | Giuseppe Ciraolo | Fulvio Capodici



Interreg



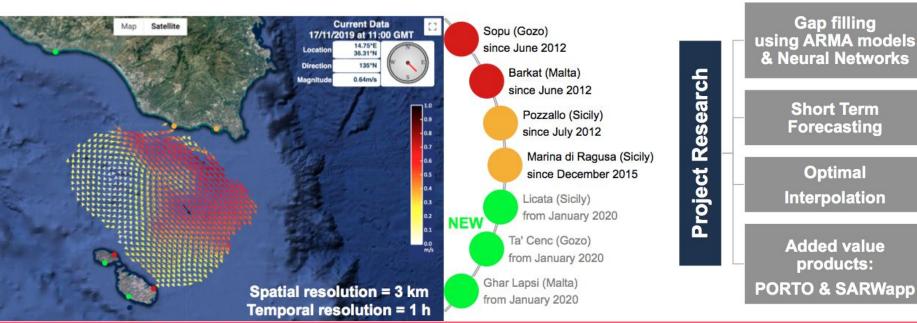












Gap filling using ARMA models & Neural Networks **Short Term Forecasting Optimal** Interpolation Added value products:

For more info:

Prof. Aldo Drago: aldo.drago@um.edu.mt Prof. Giuseppe Ciraolo: giuseppe.ciraolo@unipa.it



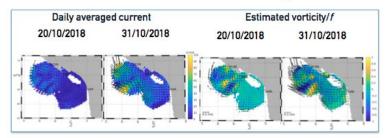


Ligurian Sea HF Radar system (carlo.mantovani@cnr.it)

4 CODAR SeaSonde HFR systems (3 new installations planned by 2021)

Extreme events monitoring

Response of submesoscale structures to an extreme wind event in the Ligurian Sea.



Maps of daily averaged HFR surface currents (left) and surface relative vorticity -normalized by f- (right) before (20/10/18) and after (31/10/18) the extreme wind event. Berta et al. 2019.

References:

Berta M., et al. (2019, under review). Small scale ocean weather during an extreme wind event in the Ligurian Sea. In: Copernicus Marine Service Ocean State Report, Issue 4, Journal of Operational Oceanography.

Virtual particle tracking and biological modelling

Dispersion maps of larvae and pollutants for Marine Protected Areas management.

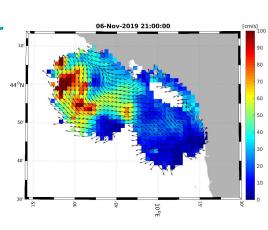
New operational services for a safer navigation

Wave field parameters surface and currents integration in advance operational service to support navigation.



CNR - Istituto di Scienze Marine

NRT data operationally provided to CMEMS INSTAC



Dardanos HF Radar system (alkiviadis.kalampokis@hcmr.gr)









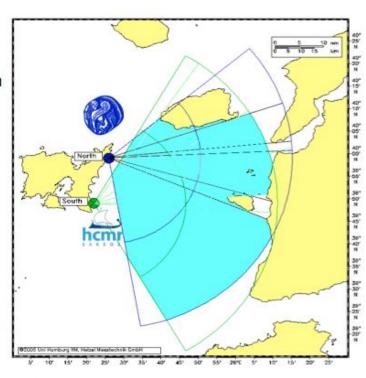
Basic description of the System

- Name of the system: Dardanos
- Institution: Hellenic Centre for Marine Research (HCMR) & Univ. Aegean
- Number of stations: 2
- Start of operations: November 2009
- End of operations: December 2012 currently under maintenance
- Radar type: Helzel WERA
- Radar range: 70 km
- Spatial resolution: 1.5 km
- Temporal resolution: 30 minutes
- Operating frequency: 13.45 MHz (16 MHZ after upgrade)
- Reception antennas: 4 (8 after upgrade)
- Processing Technique: Direction finding (Beam forming after upgrade)

Scope: Monitor the Dardanelles outflow (Black-Sea inflow in the Mediterranean)

Applications: (a) climatological monitoring

- (b) data assimilation of ocean modelling
- (c) SAR and pollution response



Dardanos HF radar system coverage

LaMMA Consorzio HFR system (brandini@lamma.toscana.it)

3 CODAR SeaSonde HFR systems along Tuscany coast 2 more HFR systems planned by 2020

Operational monitoring of marine currents

43.4 43.2 LaMMA 92 94 96 98 10 102 104 0.04 92 94 96 98 10 102 104

Intercomparison of radar data

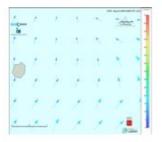
Livorno-Tino

Model validation and

data assimilation

Livorno-San Vincenzo

CONSORZIO





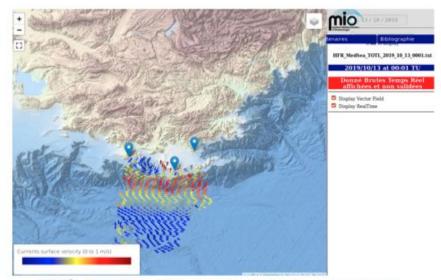
Improvement of oil spill trajectory forecast



MIO Toulon HFR system (guerin@univ-tln.fr)

Basic description of the system

- Name of the system: HFR MIO Toulon
- Institution: Mediterranean Institute of Oceanography (UTLN/AMU/CNRS/IRD)
- Number of stations: 2
- Start of operations: May, 2012
- End of operations: Operational today
- Radar type: Helzel WERA
- Radar range: 60-80 Km
- Spatial resolution: 1.5 Km
- Temporal resolution: 1 h
- Operating frequency: 16,175 MHz [100 kHz]



MIO Toulon HF radar system coverage (Oct.13, 2019)

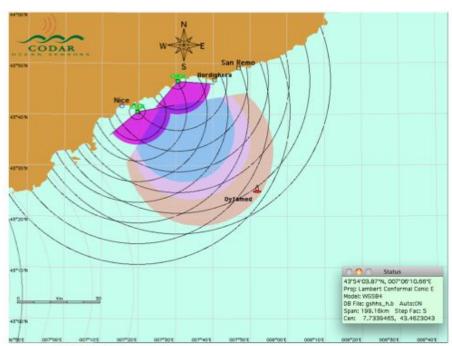
Link to system description/visualization:

http://hfradar.univ-tln.fr

MIO Nice HFR system (guerin@univ-tln.fr)

Basic description of the system

- Name of the system: HFR MIO Nice
- Institution: Mediterranean Institute of Oceanography (UTLN/AMU/CNRS/IRD)
- Number of stations: 2
- Start of operations: July 2015
- End of operations: Operational today
- Radar type: CODAR SeaSonde
- Radar range: 60-80 Km
- Spatial resolution: 1.5 Km
- Temporal resolution: 1 h
- Operating frequency: 13,5 MHz [100 kHz]



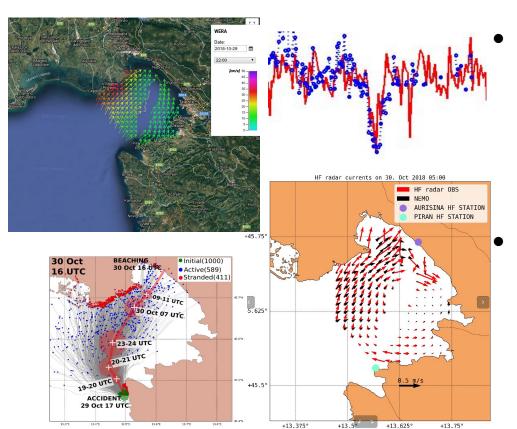
MIO Nice HF radar system coverage

Link to system description/visualization:

http://hfradar.univ-tln.fr



Gulf Of Trieste HF radar: a WERA system (matjaz.licer@gmail.com)



Basic specifications:

- carrier frequency of 25.5 MHz
- 1 km / 1 degree angular resolution every 30 minutes.
- 1.5 km horizontal resolution 22 x 20 regular grid
- Data available in near real time

Applications (past and future):

- Model verification (circulation, waves)
- Data assimilation (circulation)
- Lagrangian tracking (oil spills, objects)
- Nowcasting

INSTITUT ZA OCEANOGRAFIJU I RIBARSTVO SPLIT

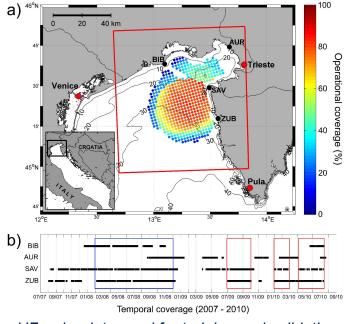
NEURAL HF-radar based forecasting system (vilibic@izor.hr)

NEURAL

A prototype of ocean surface current forecasting system, based on HF radar measurements, operational mesoscale weather forecast and neural network algorithms (Self-Organising Maps) has been built in the frame of the NEURAL project (www.izor.hr/neural).

SOM solutions Self-Organising Map Training

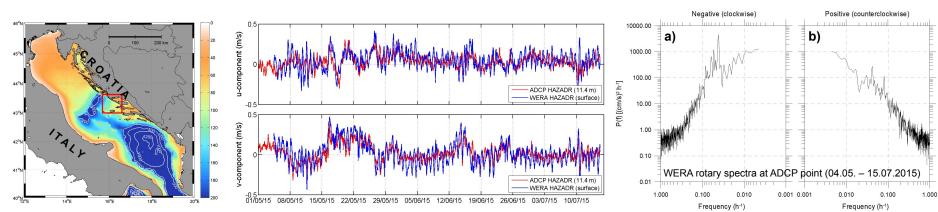
Scheme of the NEURAL operational coastal forecasting system.



HF radar data used for training and validation of the NEURAL forecasting system.

INSTITUT ZA OCEANOGRAFIJU I RIBARSTVO SPLIT

Split WERA system (<u>dadic@izor.hr; hrvoje.mihanovic@izor.hr</u>)



Basic specifications:

- Operational since March 2014
- o carrier frequency 26.3 MHz
- 1 km / 1 degree angular resolution, every 30 minutes
- 1.5 km horizontal resolution
- Data available in near real time

Applications (past, present and future):

- Model verification (currents, waves)
- Data assimilation studies
- Scientific research (currents reversals, inertial and diurnal oscillations)
- Online eddy-detecting
- Nowcasting

Web page: http://jadran.izor.hr/hazadr/index_eng.htm

MedSea HF radar: Coordinated efforts



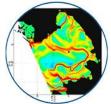
Harmonize operational and maintenance practices



• Standardize data, metadata and QC tests

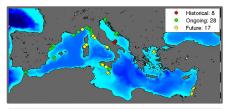


Centralize data management and access (EU HFR node)



Develop added-value products and tools

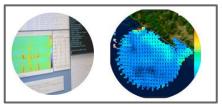
MedSea HF radar: Challenges and key issues



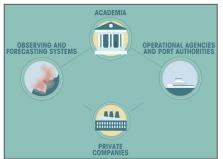
MedSea HFR network setting up and funding



Enhance HFR data discovery and access



Boost HFR data usage and research



 Build synergies among academia, management agencies, state government offices

Thank you very much for your attention

