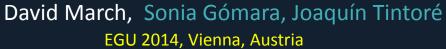
HUMAN IMPACTS OF THE MOTORWAYS OF THE SEA







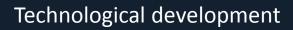




INTEGRATED ASSESSMENT OF SHIP-BASED ACTIVITIES









Science-based tools



SHIP-BASED ACTIVITIES: BLUE GROWTH





▲ Oil & gas



Shipping



▲ Passenger ferry



Cruise tourism



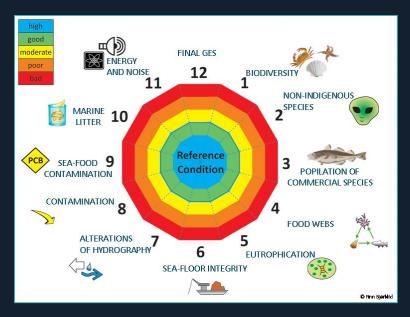
Fisheries



▲ Recreational boating

PRESSURES ON MARINE ECOSYSTEMS

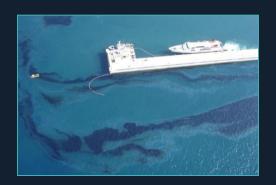




 Ship-based activities have the potential to affect any of the eleven qualitative descriptors targeted by the Marine Strategy Framework Directive (MSFD)



▲ Yatch anchor over seagrass E.g. Descriptors 1, 6



▲ Oil spill
E.g. Descriptors 8, 9



▲ Overfishing E.g. Descriptors 3, 4



COMPETITION FOR MARITIME SPACE





 Fishermen complain against cruise ships mooring over fishing grounds

Civil society complains against coastal development





 Deployment of oceanographic buoys taking into account shipping lines and fishing grounds to avoid interactions



SOCIETAL CHALLENGES



Sustainable developmet
Integrated Maritime Policy



Stakeholders involvement MSP Directive (proposal)





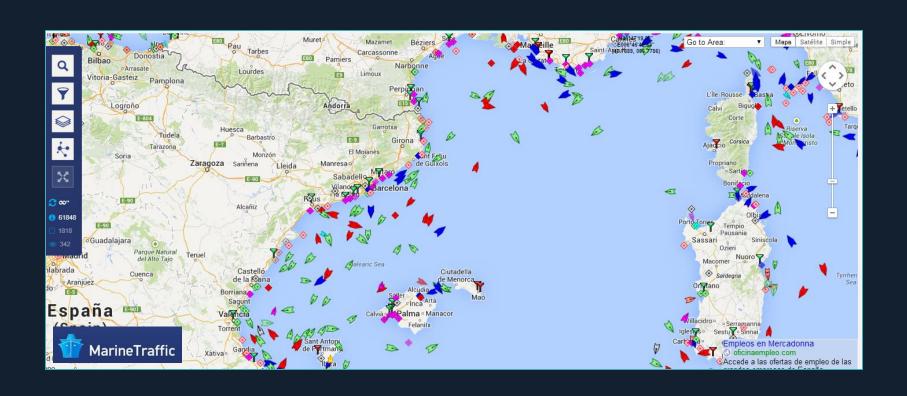
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Ecosystem based management MSFD Directive

2012 MSFD TIMELINE 2020



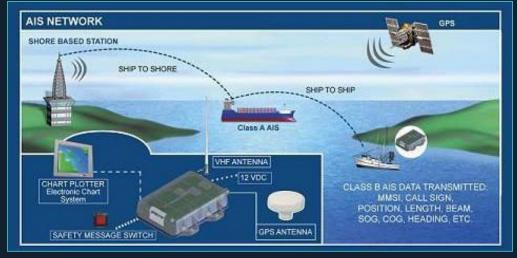
WATCH MARINE TRAFFIC FROM A NEW PERSPECTIVE





MONITORING MARINE TRAFFIC

Spatio-temporal patterns of ship-based activities



http://www.marineelectronicsjournal.com/

WHO IS REQUIRED TO CARRY AIS?

- ▶ All ocean-going commercial traffic >300 gross tons
- Ferries carrying more than 165 passengers
- Tug & Tows
- ► EU fishing fleet > 15 m





DATA ACQUISITION



▲ SOCIB's AIS antenna and spatial coverage

- Install your own antenna
- National port authorities
- Regional conventions (eg. HELCOM)
- Global providers (eg. MarineTraffic)



THE SCALE ALSO MATTERS

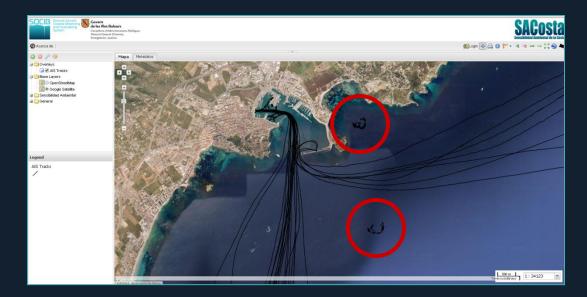


Shipping intensityGlobal scaleRegular lines

Recreational boat anchoring >

Ibiza island (NW Mediterranean)

Anchoring for few hours/days





DATA MANAGEMENT

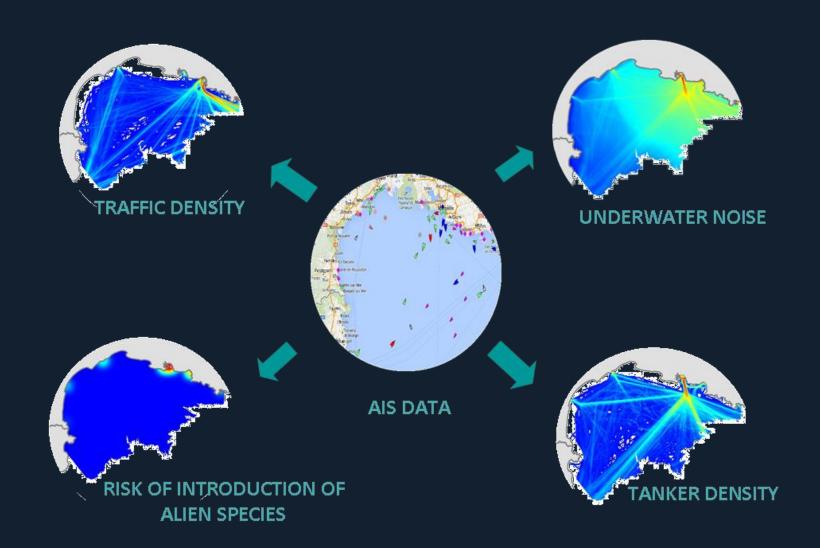


Open source geospatial technologies

- Data storage: spatial databases
- ▶ Data cleaning: duplicates, invalid codes, ...
- ▶ Geospatial filters: point or track on land, ...
- Geospatial processing: Point to Track
- Calculate metrics: speed, turn angle, ...



DATA-INTENSTIVE SCIENTIFIC DISCOVERY





RISK OF INTRODUCTION OF SHIP-TRANSPORTED ALIEN SPECIES

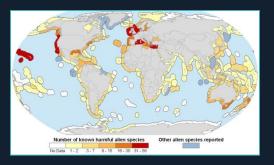




▲ Global shipping network Keller et al. 2011



▲ Port environmental distance Keller et al. 2011



▲ Distribution of alien species Molnar et al. 2008

SPATIAL MODELLING

- Relative probability index (Chan et al. 2013)
- Exponential decay function (Ban et al. 2010)



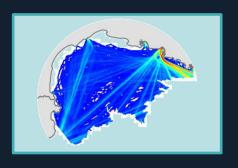


UNDERWATER NOISE

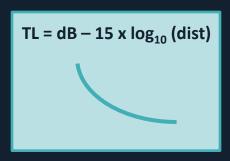




Source levels per boat type Hatch et al. 2008



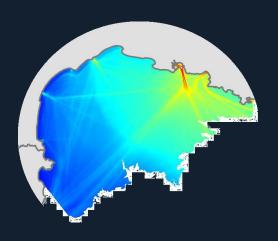
Navigation time per grid cell



Transmission loss function Erbe et al. 2012

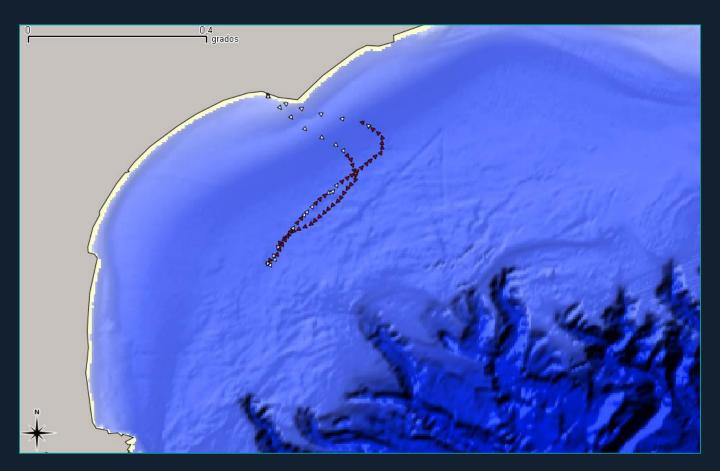
SPATIAL MODELLING

Propagates cell by cell using a moving window approach (March et al. in prep)





FISHING BEHAVIOUR

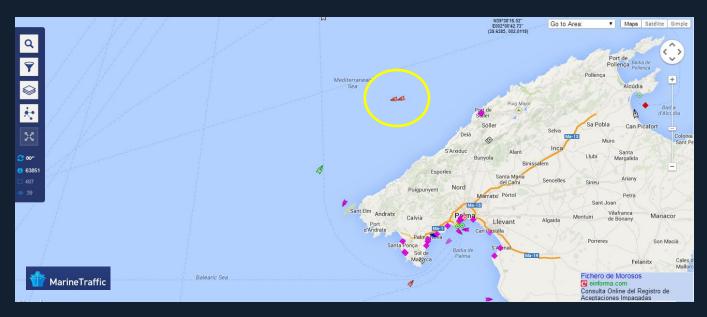


Fishing activity

Define fishing and navigating states based on speed profile ('vmstools' package in R)



FISHING BEHAVIOUR



▲ Two trawlers were sighted in north Mallorca



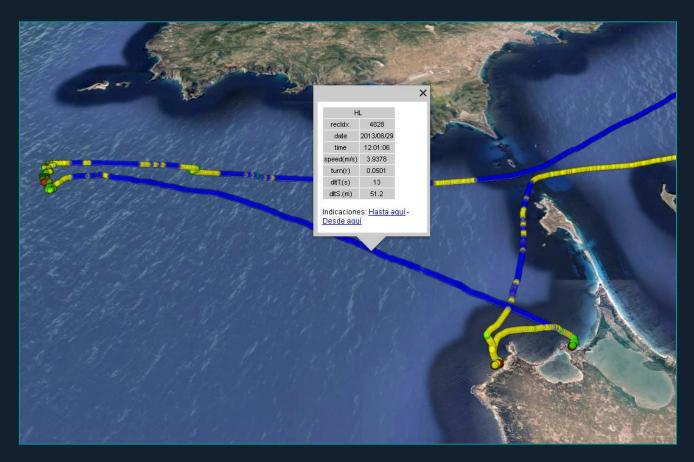
FISHING BEHAVIOUR



△ Density maps based on historical information illustrates the prevalence of fishing grounds



RECREATIONAL BOATING BEHAVIOUR

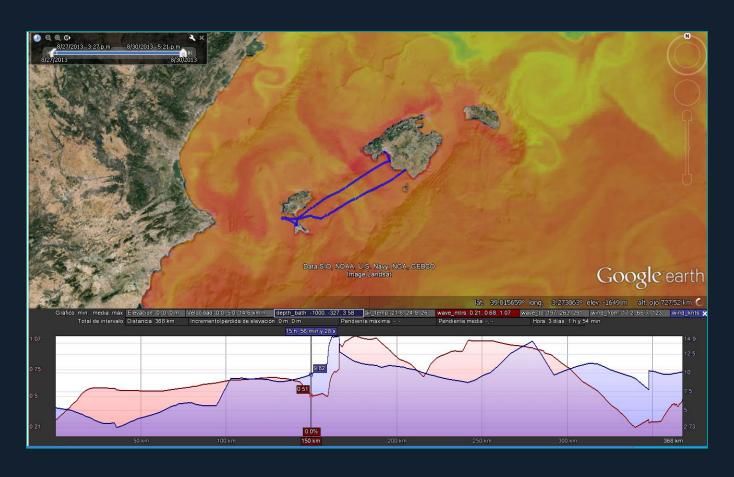


▲ Sailing track with different states identified (e.g., sailing, motor, moored, operations)

Unsupervised algorithm using Expectation-Maximization Binary Clustering ('EMbC 'package in R, Movelab)



APPLICATIONS: OCEANOGRAPHIC INFO ALONG TRACK

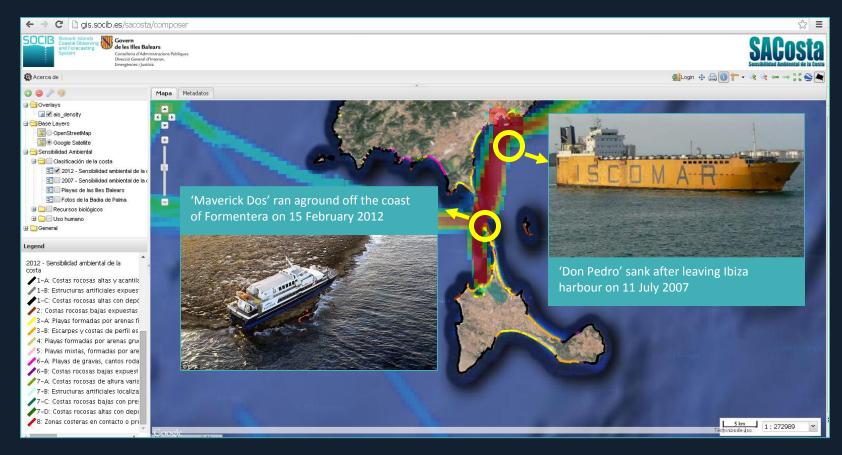


▲ Temporal profile with wave height (red) and wind speed (blue) along a 5-day track
Interpolation algorithms incorporate multidimensional data using hydrographic models provided by SOCIB



APPLICATIONS: OIL SPILL RISK

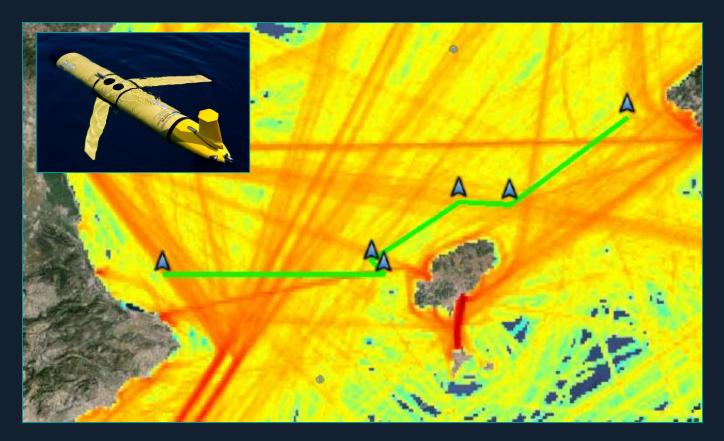




Web-mapping application displays traffic density together with shoreline environmental sensitivity www.gis.socib.es/sacosta



APPLICATIONS: OCEANOGRAPHIC RESEARCH



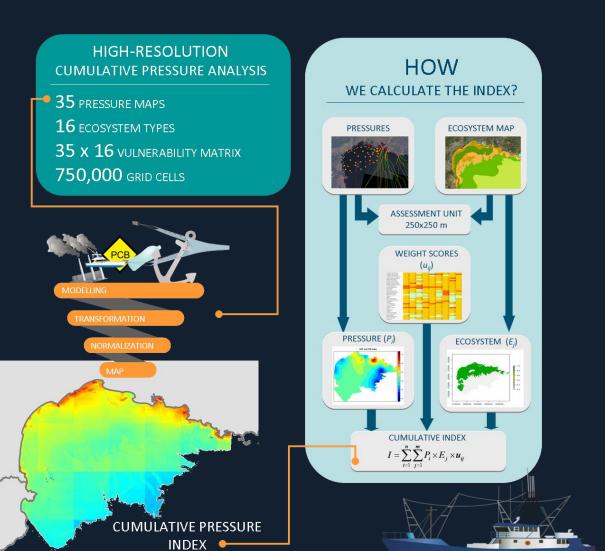
△ Planning glider campaign route

Marine traffic density is used by SOCIB to plan the route of underwater autonomous vehicles (AUV)



APPLICATIONS: CUMULATIVE PRESSURES







LIMITATIONS AND FURTHER WORKS



▲ Combined monitoring



▲ Improve AIS coverage



▲ Open data availability



▲ Data-intensive tools

CONCLUSIONS



Automated Identification Systems and related technologies allows an unprecedented opportunity to monitor ship-based activities



Data-intensive tools allow the discovery of new science-based information



A better understanding of ship-based activity patterns will contribute to support the implementation of MSFD and MSP

THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION!



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